

SEMINAR - PRESENTATION OF THE OECD ECONOMIC SURVEY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Improving the Business Environment

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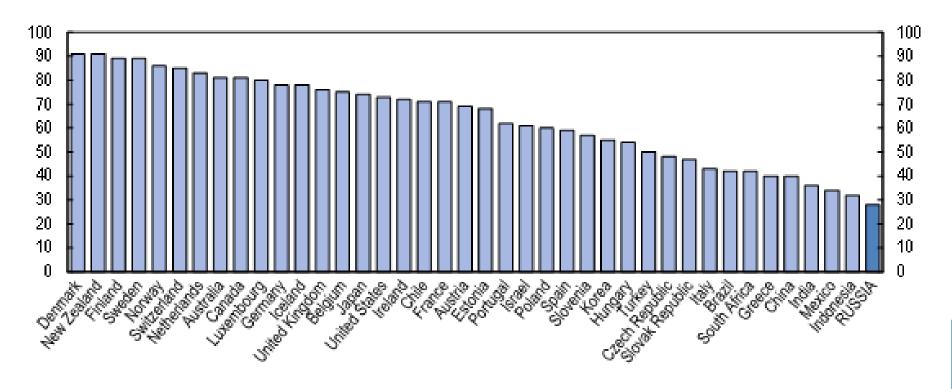


- Corruption
- Rule of Law
- Administrative Barriers
- State Ownership
- Barriers to trade and investment

Corruption is still a major problem

Transparency International Corruption Perceptions Index

Corruption Perception Index 2013 Score, scale from 0 (highly corrupt) to 100 (very clean)





Improving the rule of law is a challenge

World Justice Project Rule of Law Index

Ranking among total of 97 countries

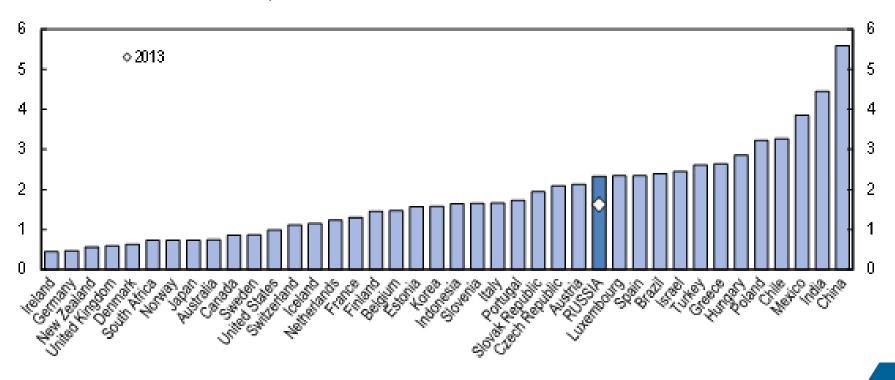
| | Russia | Average Western Europe and North America | Average Eastern Europe and Central Asia | Brazil | China | India |
|---------------------------|--------|---|---|--------|-------|-------|
| Limited government powers | 92 | 12 | 57 | 35 | 86 | 37 |
| Absence of corruption | 71 | 13 | 52 | 38 | 40 | 83 |
| Order and security | 92 | 17 | 37 | 69 | 32 | 96 |
| Fundamental rights | 83 | 12 | 45 | 33 | 94 | 64 |
| Open government | 74 | 14 | 51 | 31 | 69 | 50 |
| Regulatory enforcement | 68 | 14 | 51 | 37 | 80 | 79 |
| Civil justice | 65 | 14 | 49 | 43 | 82 | 78 |
| Criminal justice | 78 | 14 | 50 | 52 | 39 | 64 |



Administrative barriers to start-ups are energetically removed

Product market regulation indicators: barriers to start-ups

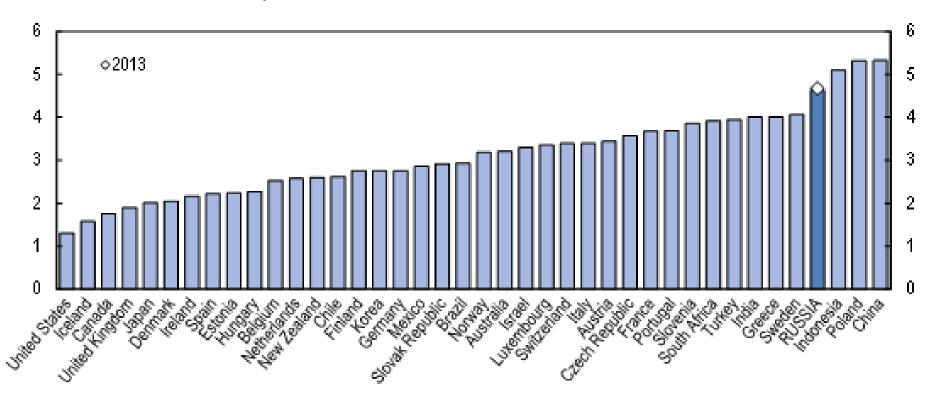
2008, index scale of 0-6 from least to most restrictive





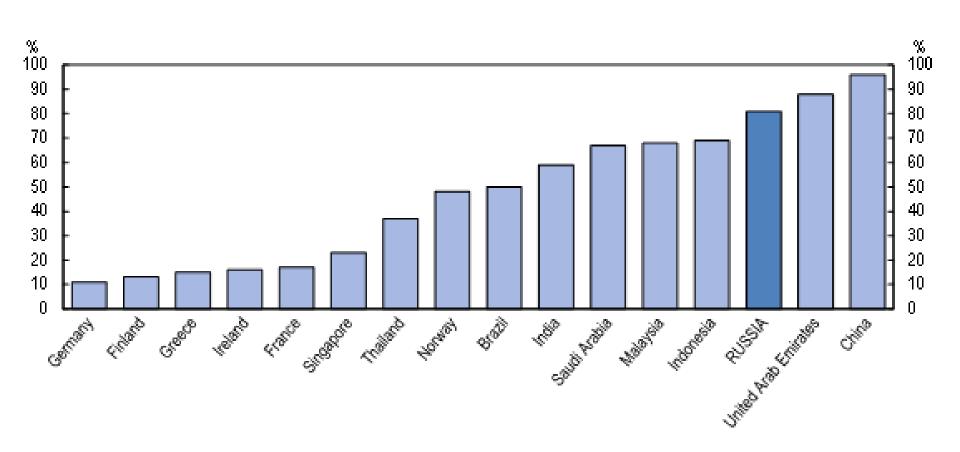
Product market regulation indicators: public ownership

2008, index scale of 0-6 from least to most restrictive



Large SOEs dominate the economy

State-owned enterprises shares among countries' top ten firms



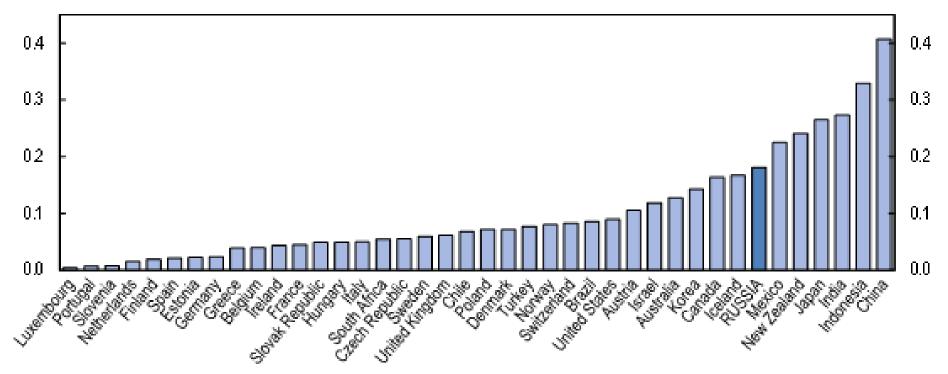


Barriers to foreign direct investments...

FDI Regulatory Restrictiveness Index

2012, index scale of 0-1 from least to most restrictive

A. International comparison

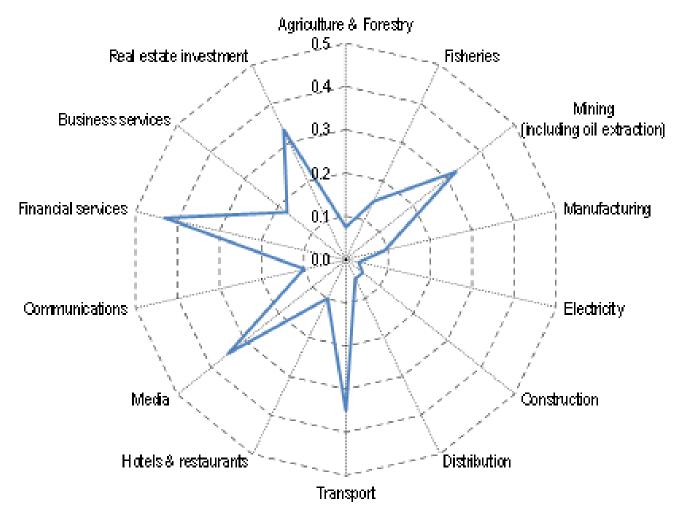




. are highly differentiated across by sector

FDI Regulatory Restrictiveness Index

2012, index scale of 0-1 from least to most restrictive





Recommendations for establishing a favourable business climate

- Continue the current anti-corruption campaign with stronger focus on transparency and accountability mechanisms in the public sector. Improve legal protection of whistleblowers and do not restrict the scope for media or civil society organisations to publicise violations of the law.
- Strengthen judicial independence through greater transparency in appointment and promotion processes, better pay and rotation of judges, while avoiding even the appearance of political interference in court cases. Make law-enforcement agencies more transparent and accountable.
- Continue reducing administrative barriers, and widen federal initiatives to regional and local levels. Extend regulatory impact assessments to legislative draft considered by the State Duma.
- Push ahead with privatisation of state-owned banks and other state-owned enterprises (SOEs). Further improve governance of SOEs and foster a level playing field between public and private companies.
- To strengthen the impact of WTO accession, refrain from introducing entry barriers. Shorten the list of strategic sectors with prior approval required for foreign investment andstreamline the approval process.